TWSE-6919



Earnings Call CBL-514 Phase 2b
Study Results(CBL-0204)
for Local Fat Reduction

December 18th, 2024

A Randomized, Placebo-Controlled, Phase 2b Study to Evaluate the Efficacy, Safety and Tolerability of CBL-514 Injection for Reducing Abdominal Subcutaneous Fat



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CBL-0204 Phase 2b Protocol Overview

Study design	Phase 2bRandomizedDouble Masking (Participant, Outcomes Assessor	Visit schedule	 Screening Treatment Up to 4 courses, once every 3 weeks
	On abdomenParallel assignment		 Follow-up 4, 8, 12 weeks post final treatment
Treatment	 2 groups: 110 subjects in total, 1:1 CBL-514 Placebo 	Locations	United States: 10 sitesAustralia: 2 sites
Enrollment Criteria	 BMI >18.5 and <30 kg/m² with body weight ≥ 50 kg Abdominal fat in Grade 3 or 4 using abdominal fat rating scale (AFRS) Good skin condition on treatment area No folding fat or skin on abdomen No severe abdominal visceral fat Generally in good health including liver/renal/coagulation/immune function and 	Recruitment	 Planned to enroll 110 subjects Actually enrolled 107 subjects 52 CBL-514 subjects 55 Placebo subjects
		Timeline (US time)	 1st subject dosed: Jul2023 Last subject dosed: Jan2024 Last subject last visit: May2024 Study results release: Dec 2024
	blood sugar, free from infectious disease and cancer	ClinicalTrial.gov	NCT05736107

CBL-0204 Phase 2b Endpoints



Efficacy Endpoint - Primary

 Percentage of participants with at least 1-grade improvement reported by Investigator using the CR-AFRS compared with placebo at 12 weeks after the final treatment.

Efficacy Endpoints - Secondary

- Percentage of participants with at least **1-grade improvement** reported by **Investigator** using the CR-AFRS compared with placebo at 4 weeks, and 8 weeks after the final treatment.
- Percentage of participants with at least **2-grade improvement** reported by **Investigator** using the CR-AFRS compared with placebo at 4 weeks, 8 weeks, and 12 weeks after the final treatment.
- Percentage of participants with at least 1-grade improvement reported by participant using PR-AFRS compared with placebo at 4 weeks, 8 weeks, and 12 weeks after the final treatment
- Number of treatments required to first occurrence of a CR-AFRS improvement reported by Investigator.
- Percentage of participant who lose at least **20% of subcutaneous fat volume** compared to baseline measured by MRI compared with placebo at 4 weeks and 12 weeks after the final treatment.
- Percentage of participant who lose at least 20 % of subcutaneous fat thickness compared to baseline measured by MRI compared with placebo at 4 weeks and 12 weeks after the final treatment.
- The percentage change in subcutaneous fat thickness compared to baseline measured by MRI at 4 weeks and 12 weeks after the final treatment.

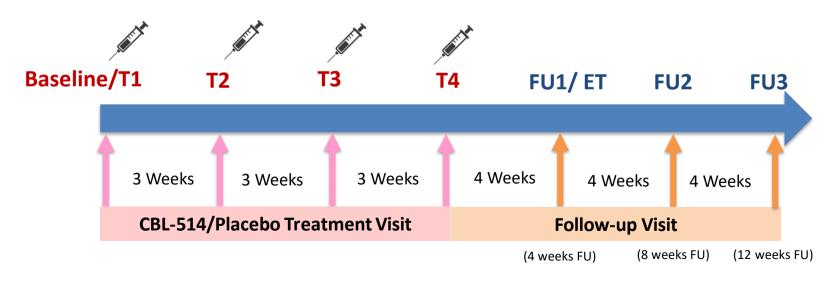


- CBL-0204 Phase 2b study results met all the primary and secondary endpoints.
- ◆ At 12 weeks after the last treatment, **81.8%** of participants treated with CBL-514 compared with placebo (16.7%) achieved an improvement of **1 or more grades** reported by the Investigator using the **CR-AFRS** (p< 0.0005).
- ◆ At 12 weeks after the last treatment, 81.8% of participants treated with CBL-514 compared with placebo (17.2%) achieved an improvement of 1 or more grades reported by participants using the PR-AFRS (p< 0.0002).
- ◆ At 12 weeks after the last treatment, 32% of participants treated with CBL-514 compared with placebo (0%) achieved an improvement of 2 or more grades reported by the Investigator using the CR-AFRS (p< 0.002).
- ◆ At 4 weeks after the last treatment, 66.7% and 61.1% of participants treated with CBL-514 lost at least 150mL (p< 0.00001) and at least 20% (p< 0.00005) of subcutaneous fat volume compared with placebo, respectively, as assessed by MRI.</p>
- 58.82% of the participants only required one CBL-514 treatment to achieve at least 1-grade CR-AFRS improvement.



CBL-0204 Phase 2b Study –Visit Schedule

- Screening
- Treatment
 - Up to 4 courses and up to 600mg (50 injection) per course (treatment), once every 3 weeks,
- Follow-up
 - 4, 8 and 12 weeks post final treatment





Analysis Population

Population	Safety	Full Analysis Set	Per protocol
Overall	107	100	53
CBL-514 group	52	49	23
Placebo group	55	51	30

Full Analysis Set Population:

The full analysis set (FAS) population will be all eligible participants who are randomized to receive at least one course of IP and contribute qualified baseline efficacy data and at least one post-dose efficacy data point.

According to ICH E9 Statistical Principles for Clinical Trials, the analysis results of FAS and the Intention-to-Treat (ITT) are the same.



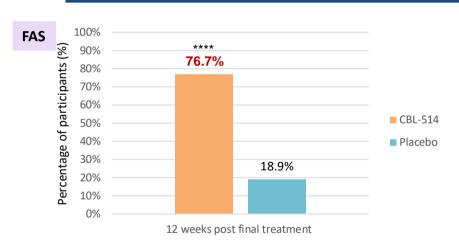


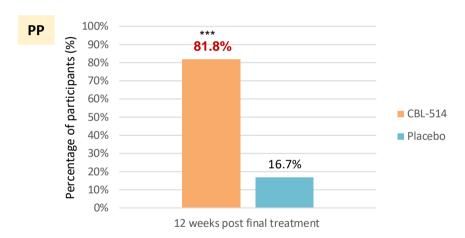


Primary Endpoints:

Percentage of participants with at least 1-grade improvement reported by Investigator using the Clinician-Reported Abdominal Fat Rating Scale (CR-AFRS) compared with placebo at 12 weeks after the final treatment.

81.8% of participants treated with CBL-514 compared with placebo (16.7%) achieved an improvement of **1 or more grades** reported by the Investigator using the **CR-AFRS** (p< 0.0005) at W12.





Percentage of participants with at least 1-grade improvement reported by Investigator using CR-AFRS	CBL-514	Placebo	p value
12 weeks post final treatment	76.7% (23/30)	18.9% (7/37)	<0.00005

Percentage of participants with at least 1-grade improvement reported by Investigator using CR-AFRS	CBL-514	Placebo	p value
12 weeks post final treatment	81.8% (18/22)	16.7% (5/30)	<0.0005

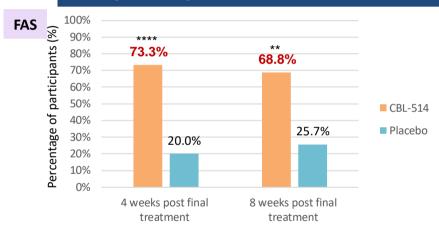
^{*}A p-value was calculated to compare treatment with placebo. p < 0.05; **p < 0.01; ***p < 0.001; ****p < 0.0001. Statistical significance determined by logistic regression model.

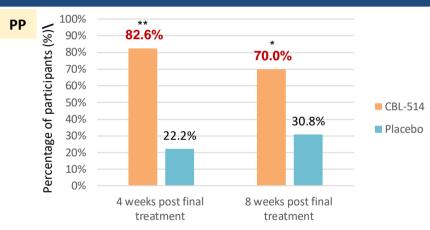


Secondary Endpoints:

Percentage of participants with at least 1-grade improvement reported by Investigator using CR-AFRS compared with placebo at 4 weeks, and 8 weeks after the final treatment.

Compared with the placebo, more participants treated with CBL-514 improved 1 or more grades reported by the Investigator using the CR-AFRS at W4 and W8.





Percentage of participants with at least 1-grade improvement reported by Investigator using CR-AFRS	CBL-514	Placebo	p value
4 weeks post final treatment	73.3% (33/45)	20.0% (8/40)	0.00001
8 weeks post final treatment	68.8% (22/32)	25.7% (9/35)	<0.002

Percentage of participants with at least 1-grade improvement reported by Investigator using CR-AFRS	CBL-514	Placebo	p value
4 weeks post final treatment	82.6% (19/23)	22.2% (6/27)	<0.002
8 weeks post final treatment	70.0% (14/20)	30.8% (8/26)	<0.02

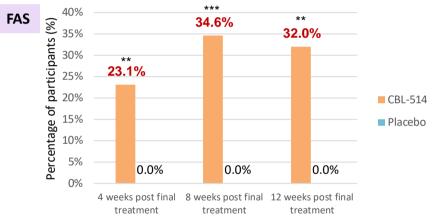
^{*}A p-value was calculated to compare treatment with placebo. p < 0.05; **p < 0.01; ***p < 0.001; ****p < 0.0001. Statistical significance determined by logistic regression model.



Secondary Endpoints:

Percentage of participants with at least 2-grade improvement reported by Investigator using CR-AFRS compared with placebo at 4 weeks, 8 weeks, and 12 weeks after the final treatment.

Compared with the placebo, more participants treated with CBL-514 improved **2 or more grades** reported by the Investigator using the CR-AFRS at W4, W8, and W12.



treatment	reatment	treatment		
Percentage of participants with at least 2-grad reported by Investigator using CR-AFRS	CBL-514	Placebo	p value	
reported by investigator using CK-ALKS		22.40/	0.00/	
4 weeks post final treatment		23.1%	0.0%	<0.005
. Weeks post man a cathrent		(9/39)	(0/33)	10.000
8 weeks post final treatment		34.6%	0.0%	<0.001
o weeks post illial treatment		(9/26)	(0/27)	<0.001
43		32.0%	0.0%	.0.000
12 weeks post final treatment	treatment		(0/28)	<0.002

PP	40% § 35%			*			
	ipants	26.3		31.3%	27.8	8%	
							■ CBL-514
	Percentage of						■ Placebo
	Percer 5%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	
	076		post final 8 w tment	reeks post fina treatment		ks post final atment	

Percentage of participants with at least 2-grade improvement reported by Investigator using CR-AFRS	CBL-514	Placebo	p value
4 weeks post final treatment	26.3% (5/19)	0.0% (0/21)	<0.02
8 weeks post final treatment	31.3% (5/16)	0.0% (0/19)	<0.02
12 weeks post final treatment	27.8% (5/18)	0.0% (0/23)	<0.02

^{*}A p-value was calculated to compare treatment with placebo. p < 0.05; **p < 0.01; ***p < 0.001; ****p < 0.0001. Statistical significance determined by Fisher's exact test.

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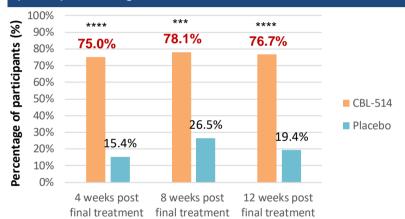


Secondary Endpoints:

Percentage of participants with at least 1-grade improvement reported by participant using the Patient-Reported Abdominal Fat Rating Scale (PR-AFRS) compared with placebo at 4 weeks, 8 weeks and 12 weeks after the final treatment.

Compared with the placebo, more participants treated with CBL-514 improved 1 or more grades reported by the participant using the PR-AFRS at W4, W8, and W12.

FAS



PP	(%)	100% 90% 80%	7	*** 77.3%		80	** 80.0%		*** 81.8%			
	Percentage of participants	70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10%			18.5%		24.0%			17.2%		■ CBL-514 ■ Placebo
	_				ks post eatment		veeks post I treatment			eks post eatment		

Percentage of participants with at least 1-grade improvement reported by participant using PR-AFRS	CBL-514	Placebo	p value	
4 weeks post final treatment	75.0%	15.4%	<0.00001	
4 weeks post illiar treatment	(33/44)	(6/39)	\0.00001	
8 weeks post final treatment	78.1%	26.5%	<0.0005	
8 weeks post final treatment	(25/32)	(9/34)	<0.0005	
12 weeks nost final treatment	76.7%	19.4%	<0.00005	
12 weeks post final treatment	(23/30)	(7/36)		

Percentage of participants with at least 1-grade improvement reported by participant using PR-AFRS	CBL-514	Placebo	p value
4 weeks post final treatment	77.3% (17/22)	18.5% (5/27)	<0.001
8 weeks post final treatment	80.0% (16/20)	24.0% (6/25)	<0.002
12 weeks post final treatment	81.8% (18/22)	17.2% (5/29)	<0.0002

^{*}A p-value was calculated to compare treatment with placebo. p < 0.05; **p < 0.01; ***p < 0.001; ****p < 0.0001. Statistical significance determined by logistic regression model.

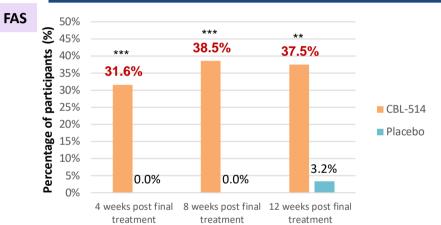


♦ Internal Analysis (Not Endpoint)

Percentage of participants with at least 2-grade improvement reported by participant using the Patient-Reported Abdominal Fat Rating Scale (PR-AFRS) compared with placebo at 4 weeks, 8 weeks and 12 weeks after the final treatment.

PP

Compared with the placebo, more participants treated with CBL-514 improved **2 or more grades** reported by the participant using the PR-AFRS at W4, W8, and W12.



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Percentage of participants with at least 2-grade improvement reported by participant using PR-AFRS	CBL-514	Placebo	p value
4 weeks post final treatment	31.6% (12/38)	0.0% (0/34)	<0.0005
8 weeks post final treatment	38.5% (10/26)	0.0% (0/28)	<0.0005
12 weeks post final treatment	37.5% (9/24)	3.2% (1/31)	<0.002

	50%		***		4	*** 7.1	%		***			
% 4	15%	4:	2.1	%				4	2.1	%		
1ts	10%											
participants 3 2	85%											
. 3	80%											
	25%										(CBL-514
	20%										.	Placebo
gg 1	.5%											писсьо
ent	.0%											
Percentage 1	5%			0.0%			0.0%			0.0%		
Δ.	0%											
				post final ment			post final tment			s post final tment		

Percentage of participants with at least 2-grade improvement reported by participant using PR-AFRS	CBL-514	Placebo	p value
4 weeks post final treatment	42.1% (8/19)	0.0% (0/22)	<0.001
8 weeks post final treatment	47.1% (8/17)	0.0% (0/20)	<0.001
12 weeks post final treatment	42.1% (8/19)	0.0% (0/24)	<0.001

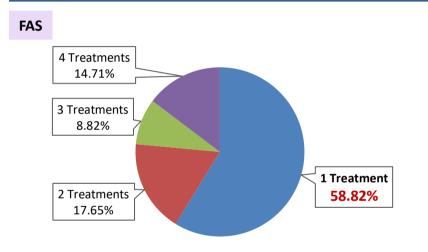
^{*}A p-value was calculated to compare treatment with placebo. p < 0.05; **p < 0.01; ***p < 0.001; ****p < 0.0001. Statistical significance determined by Chi-Square test.



♦ Secondary Endpoints:

Number of treatments required to first occurrence of a CR-AFRS improvement reported by Investigator in CBL-514 group.

58.82% of the participants only required one CBL-514 treatment to achieve at least 1-grade CR-AFRS improvement.



PP	
	4 Treatments 21.05%
	3 Treatments 5.26% 1 Treatment 52.63%
	2 Treatments 21.05%

Total Number of Participants with CR-AFRS improvement in CBL-514 group	34	
1 Treatment to first occurrence of a CR-AFRS improvement	20	58.82%
2 Treatments to first occurrence of a CR-AFRS improvement	6	17.65%
3 Treatments to first occurrence of a CR-AFRS improvement	3	8.82%
4 Treatments to first occurrence of a CR-AFRS improvement	5	14.71%

Total Number of Participants with CR-AFRS improvement in CBL-514 group	19	
1 Treatment to first occurrence of a CR-AFRS improvement	10	52.63%
2 Treatments to first occurrence of a CR-AFRS improvement	4	21.05%
3 Treatments to first occurrence of a CR-AFRS improvement	1	5.26%
4 Treatments to first occurrence of a CR-AFRS improvement	4	21.05%



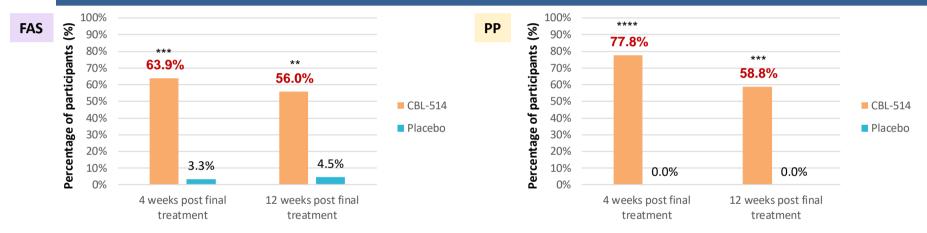
CBL-0204 Efficacy Data of Fat Thickness Reduction Measured by MRI



Secondary Endpoints:

Percentage of participant who lose at least 20% of subcutaneous fat thickness compared to baseline measured by MRI compared with placebo at 4 weeks and 12 weeks after the final treatment.

77.8 % of participants in the CBL-514 group reduced over 20% fat thickness and achieved a statistically significant difference compared with placebo (p< 0.00001).



Percentage of participant who lose at least 20% of subcutaneous fat thickness	CBL-514	Placebo	p value
4 weeks post final treatment	63.9% (23/36)	3.3% (1/30)	<0.0002
12 weeks post final treatment	56.0% (14/25)	4.5% (1/22)	<0.005

Percentage of participant who lose at least 20% of subcutaneous fat thickness	CBL-514	Placebo	p value
4 weeks post final treatment	77.8% (14/18)	0.0% (0/21)	<0.00001
12 weeks post final treatment	58.8% (10/17)	0.0% (0/17)	<0.0005

^{*}A p-value was calculated to compare treatment with placebo. p < 0.05; **p < 0.01; ***p < 0.001; ****p < 0.0001. Statistical significance determined by Fisher's exact test and logistic regression model.



♦ Secondary Endpoints:

FAS

The percentage change in subcutaneous fat thickness compared to baseline measured by MRI at 4 weeks and 12 weeks after the final treatment.

Compared with the placebo, participants in the CBL-514 group showed an average loss of 31.4% fat thickness and a statistically significant difference was achieved (p< 0.00001).



	4 weeks	s post final	12 we	eks post fin	al		
	trea	tment	tı	reatment			
	CBL-514 Placebo				CBL-514 vs Placebo		
	% Change fro	om Baseline	% Change fro	om Baseline	LS Mean		
	n	LS Mean (%)	n	LS Mean (%)	(%)	p value	
4 weeks post final treatment	36	-25.0%	30	2.0%	-27.1%	<0.00001	
12 weeks post final treatment	25	-21.7%	22	1.1%	-22.8%	<0.00001	

SSe	10%	1.8%	3.4%	
Subcutansous fat thickness change (%)	0%			
s fat t ge (%	-10%			■ CBL-514
ansou chan	-20%			■ Placebo
cut	-30%		-24.5%	
Subo	-40%	-29.7% ****	****	
	. 5 / 0	4 weeks post fina	l 12 weeks post final	

treatment

	ucatiii	CIIL	ticat	JIICIIL			
	CBL	-514	Plac	ebo	CBL-514 vs Placebo		
	% Change from Baseline		% Change fr	om Baseline	LS Mean	_	
	n	LS Mean (%)	n	LS Mean (%)	(%)	p value	
4 weeks post final treatment	18	-29.7%	21	1.8%	-31.4%	<0.00001	
12 weeks post final treatment	17	-24.5%	17	3.4%	-27.8%	<0.00001	

treatment

^{*}A p-value was calculated to compare treatment with placebo. p < 0.05; **p < 0.01; ****p < 0.001; ****p < 0.0001. Statistical significance determined by ANCOVA model.



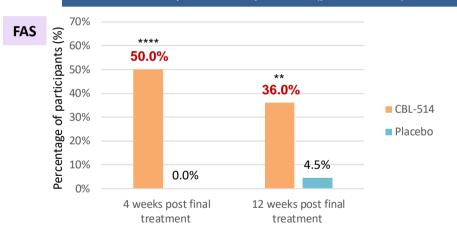
CBL-0204 Efficacy Data of Fat Volume Reduction Measured by MRI

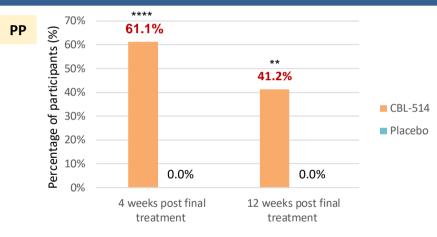


Secondary Endpoints:

Percentage of participant who lose at least 20% of subcutaneous fat volume compared to baseline measured by MRI compared with placebo at 4 weeks and 12 weeks after the final treatment.

61.1 % of participants in the CBL-514 group reduced **over 20**% fat volume and achieved a statistically significant difference compared with placebo (p= 0.00002).





Percentage of participant who lose at least 20% of subcutaneous fat volume	CBL-514	Placebo	p value
4 weeks post final treatment	50.0% (18/36)	0.0% (0/30)	<0.00001
12 weeks post final treatment	36.0% (9/25)	4.5% (1/22)	<0.02

Percentage of participant who lose at least 20% of subcutaneous fat volume	CBL-514	Placebo	p value
4 weeks post final treatment	61.1% (11/18)	0.0% (0/21)	<0.00005
12 weeks post final treatment	41.2% (7/17)	0.0% (0/17)	<0.01

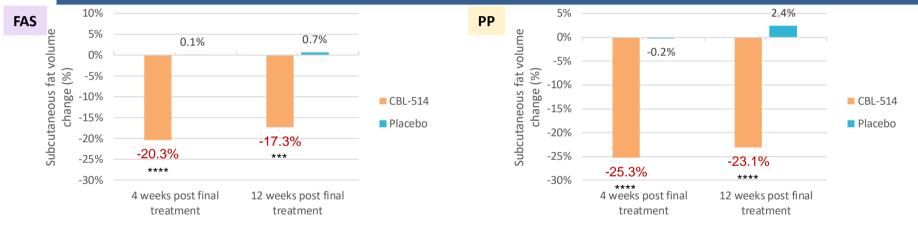
^{*}A p-value was calculated to compare treatment with placebo. p < 0.05; **p < 0.01; ***p < 0.001; ****p < 0.0001. Statistical significance determined by Fisher's exact test and logistic regression model.



Exploratory Endpoints:

The **percentage change in subcutaneous fat volume** compared to baseline measured by MRI at 4 weeks and 12 weeks after the final treatment.

Compared with the placebo, participants in the CBL-514 group showed an average loss of over 25% fat volume, and a statistically significant difference was achieved (p< 0.00001).



	CBL-514		Placebo		CBL-514 vs Placebo	
	% Change fr	om Baseline	% Change from Baseline		LS Mean	_
	n	LS Mean (%)	n	LS Mean (%)	(%)	p value
4 weeks post final treatment	36	-20.3%	30	0.1%	-20.5%	<0.00001
12 weeks post final treatment	25	-17.3%	22	0.7%	-18.0%	<0.001

	CBL-514		Placebo		CBL-514 vs Placebo		
	% Change fr	om Baseline	% Change fr	om Baseline	LS Mean	p value	
	n	LS Mean (%)	n	LS Mean (%)	(%)		
4 weeks post final treatment	18	-25.3%	21	-0.2%	-25.0%	<0.00001	
12 weeks post final treatment	17	-23.1%	17	2.4%	-25.5%	<0.00005	

^{*}A p-value was calculated to compare treatment with placebo. p < 0.05; **p < 0.01; ***p < 0.001; ****p < 0.0001. Statistical significance determined by ANCOVA model.



CBL-0204 Phase 2b Study -Safety Result

Safety Endpoint:

Safety as assessed by recording of TEAEs, laboratory assessments, vital signs, ECGs, physical examinations, and ISRs compared with placebo.

The overall safety and tolerability of participants who completed up to 4 courses of CBL-514 were favorable. Most of the adverse events were mild to moderate injection site reactions (ISR).

Overall, there were no clinically significant changes related to the study drug in the laboratory tests, vital signs, electrocardiograms, and physical examination after treatment.



CBL-514 Pivotal Phase 3 Future Timeline

CBL-514 Pivotal Phase 3 Future Timeline CW Caliway



2025

FDA EOP2 **Meeting Request**

EOP2

0301 IND

- FDA EOP2 Meeting **Document**
- Pivotal Phase 3 **CBL-0301IND**

0302 IND

- Pivotal Phase 3/ **CBL 0301 Recruiting**
- Pivotal Phase 3 **CBL-0302 IND**

Recruiting 0301 0302

Pivotal Phase 3/ CBL-0301 Recruiting CBL-0302 Recruiting

 CBL-0301LPI CBL-0302 Recruiting

> Recruiting 0302

CBL-0302 LPI

0302 LPI

Q2

· CBL-0301Study Complete (LPO)

> 0301 Completed

Q3

- CBL-0301Study Result Released
- CBL-0302 Study Complete (LPO)

0301 **Topline**



Market Changer Innovation



Taiwan Leading Pharmaceuticals For Revolutionary Aesthetic Medicine